



Automatización Eléctrica

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1. Introduction

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1. Introduction

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1.2.1. Safety Note



The voltage of the frequency converter is dangerous whenever connected to mains. Incorrect installation of the motor, frequency converter or fieldbus may cause damage to the equipment, serious personal injury or death. Consequently, the instructions in this manual, as well as national and local rules and safety regulations, must be complied with.

1.2.2. Safety Regulations

- 1. The frequency converter must be disconnected from mains if repair work is to be carried out. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- 2. The [STOP/RESET] key on the control panel of the frequency converter does not disconnect the equipment from mains and is thus not to be used as a safety switch. 3. Correct protective earthing of the equipment must be established, the user must be protected against supply voltage, and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 3. Correct protective earthing of the equipment must be established, the user must be protected against supply voltage, and the motor must be protected against overload in accordance with applicable national and local regulations.
- 4. The earth leakage currents are higher than 3.5 mA.
- 5. Protection against motor overload is not included in the factory setting. If this function is desired, set par. 1-90 *Motor Thermal Protection* to data value *ETR trip* or data value *ETR warning*. Note: The function is initialised at 1.16 x rated motor current and rated motor frequency. For the North American market: The ETR functions provide class 20 motor overload protection in accordance with NEC.
- 6. Do not remove the plugs for the motor and mains supply while the frequency converter is connected to mains. Check that the mains supply has been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before removing motor and mains plugs.
- 7. Please note that the frequency converter has more voltage inputs than L1, L2 and L3, when load sharing (linking of DC intermediate circuit) and external 24 V DC have been installed. Check that all voltage inputs have been disconnected and that the necessary time has passed before commencing repair work.

1.2.3. Warning Against Unintended Start

- 1. The motor can be brought to a stop by means of digital commands, bus commands, references or a local stop, while the frequency converter is connected to mains. If personal safety considerations make it necessary to ensure that no unintended start occurs, these stop functions are not sufficient.
- 2. While parameters are being changed, the motor may start. Consequently, the stop key [STOP/RESET] must always be activated; following which data can be modified.
- 3. A motor that has been stopped may start if faults occur in the electronics of the frequency converter, or if a temporary overload or a fault in the supply mains or the motor connection ceases.

1.2.4. Warning



Touching the electrical parts may be fatal - even after the equipment has been disconnected from mains.

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Also make sure that other voltage inputs have been disconnected, such as external 24 V DC, load sharing (linkage of DC intermediate circuit), as well as the motor connection for kinetic back up.

Please refer to the relevant Operating Instructions for further safety guidelines.

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1.3. About this Manual

First time users can obtain the most essential information for quick installation and set-up in these chapters:

Introduction How to Install How to Configure the System Application Examples

For more detailed information including the full range of set-up options and diagnosis tools please refer to the chapters:

How to Control the Frequency Converter How to Access the Parameters Parameters Troubleshooting

1.4. Technical Overview

DeviceNet is a low-level network that standardizes communications between industrial devices (sensors, limit switches, motor controls) and high-level devices (controllers). DeviceNet follows the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model and is based on CAN technology for Media Access Control and Physical Signalling.

DeviceNet systems can be configured to operate in a master-slave or a distributed control architecture using peer-to-peer communication. Up to 63 nodes in a multi-drop network topology are supported, and communication options can be powered directly from the bus, using the same cable for communication. Nodes can be removed or inserted without powering down the network.

Each node on the network has its own unique Media Access Control IDentifier (MAC ID) to distinguish it on the network. The access control is based on the CSMA/CA (Carrier Sense Multiple Access / Collision Avoidance) principle, meaning that all nodes may have access to the network at the same time. If two nodes attempt to get control of the network bus simultaneously, the CAN protocol resolves the issue by arbitration. In this way collisions on the network are avoided.

DeviceNet defines device profiles for devices belonging to specific classes. For other devices, a custom class must be defined in order to make it DeviceNet compatible. This further enhances the interchangeability and interoperability of the network.

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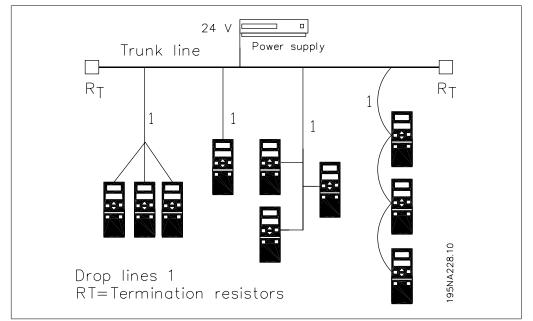


Illustration 1.1: Topology

1.5. Assumptions

These operating instructions assume that you are using a Danfoss FC 100, 200 or 300 frequency converter with DeviceNet. It is also assumed that as master you are using a PLC or PC equipped with a serial communication card supporting all the DeviceNet communication services required by your application. Furthermore, it is assumed that all requirements stipulated in the DeviceNet standard as well as those set up in the AC Drive Profile and those pertaining to the VLT frequency converter are strictly observed as well as all limitations therein fully respected.

1.6. Hardware

These operating instructions relate to the DeviceNet option type no. 130B1102 and 130B1201.

1.7. Background Knowledge

The Danfoss DeviceNet is designed to communicate with any master abiding by the DeviceNet standard. It is therefore assumed that you have full knowledge of the PC or PLC you intend to use as a master in your system. Any questions pertaining to hardware or software produced by any other manufacturer is beyond the scope of these operating instructions and is of no concern to Danfoss. If you have questions about how to set up master - master communication or communication to a non-Danfoss slave, please consult the appropriate documentation.

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1.8. Available Literature

The following literature is available for the FC 100, 200 and 300 series.

Title	Literature no.
VLT HVAC Drive FC 100 Operating Instructions	MG.11.AX.YY
VLT HVAC Drive FC 100 Design Guide	MG.11.BX.YY
VLT HVAC Drive FC 100 Programming Guide	MG.11.CX.YY
VLT AQUA Drive FC 200 Operating Instructions	MG.20.NX.YY
VLT AQUA Drive FC 200 Design Guide	MG.20.MX.YY
VLT AQUA Drive FC 200 Programming Guide	MG.20.OX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 Operating Instructions	MG.33.AX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 Design Guide	MG.33.BX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 Programming Guide	MG.33.MX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 100, 200 and 300 PROFIBUS Operating Instructions	MG.33.CX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 100, 200 and 300 DeviceNet Operating In- structions	MG.33.DX.YY
VLT AutomationDrive FC 300 MCT 10 Software Dialogue	MG.33.EX.YY
PROFIBUS DP V1 Design Guide	MG.90.EX.YY

X = Revision number

Y = Language code

Please also refer to *www.danfoss.com/drives* for frequently asked questions and additional information.

1.9. Abbreviations

ACK	ACKnowledge
BOC	Bus Off Counter
BOOL	BOOLean expression
CAN	Controller Area Network
CSMA/CA	Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance
COS	Change of State
CTW	Control Word
EDS	Electronic Data Sheet
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ETR	Electronic Thermal Relay
FIFO	First In First Out
HF	High Frequency
HPFB	High Performance Field Bus
I/O	Input/Output
ISO	International Standards Organization
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display
LCP	Local Control Panel
LED	Light Emitting Diode
LSB	Least Significant Bit
MAC ID	Media Access Control IDentifier
MAV	Main Actual Value
MRV	Main Reference Value
MSB	Most Significant Bit
N/A	Not Applicable
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PC	Personal Computer
PCD	Process Data
PIW	Peripheral Input Word
PLC	Programmable Logic Control
PNU	Parameter Number
PPO	Parameter-Process Data Object
QW	Peripheral Output Word
SINT	Signed Integer
STW	Status Word
VSD	Variable Speed Drive
UDINT	Unsigned Double Integer
UNIT	Unsigned Integer
USINT	Unsigned Short Integer
-	55-

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2. How to Install

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2. How to Install

2.1. Cabling

2.1.1. Cable Lengths

Baud rate	Max total cable	Drop length	
	length	Maximum per drop	Cumulative maxi-
			mum
125k baud	500 meters (1640 ft.)	6 meters (20 ft.) for one drop	156 meters (512 ft.)
250k baud	250 meters (820 ft.)		78 meters (256 ft.)
500k baud	100 meters (328 ft.)		39 meters (128 ft.)

2.1.2. Cable Specifications

The cable used should be according to ODVA specifications.

Be aware that the ODVA "Flat Cable" is an unscreened cable type, and is not suited for use with frequency converters.

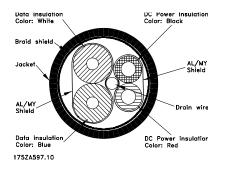


Illustration 2.1: ODVA "Thin Cable" cross section

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2.1.3. EMC Precautions

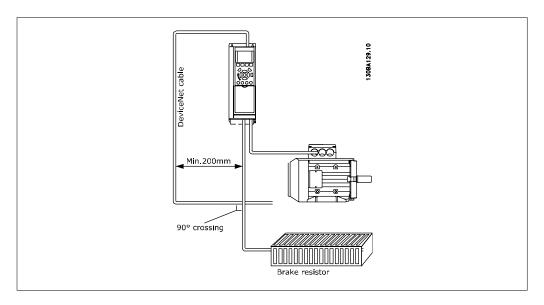
The following EMC precautions are recommended in order to achieve interference-free operation of the DeviceNet network. Additional EMC information is available in the relevant FC 100, 200 or 300 Operating Instructions and Design Guides.



NB!

Relevant national and local regulations, for example regarding protective earth connection, must be observed.

The DeviceNet communication cable must be kept away from motor and brake resistor cables to avoid coupling of high frequency noise from one cable to the other. Normally a distance of 200 mm (8 inches) is sufficient, but it is generally recommended to keep the greatest possible distance between the cables, especially where cables run in parallel over long distances. If the DeviceNet cable has to cross a motor and brake resistor cable they must cross each other at an angle of 90 degrees.



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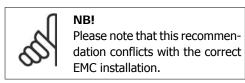
2

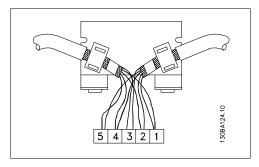
2.1.4. Connection of the Cable Screen

Danfoss recommends connection of the screen of the DeviceNet cable to ground at both ends of the cable at every DeviceNet station (see Danfoss recommendation for further details). Low impedance ground connection of the screen is very important, also at high frequencies. Achieve this by connecting the surface of the screen to ground, for example by means of a cable clamp or a conductive cable gland. The frequency converter package includes various clamps and brackets to enable a proper ground connection of the DeviceNet cable screen. The screen connection required for CE and EMC compliance is shown in the following drawing.

2.1.5. ODVA Recommendation

The Screen must be connected to ground at only one point on the network.





2.1.6. Earth Connection

It is important that all stations connected to the DeviceNet network are connected to the same earth potential. The earth connection must have a low HF (high frequency) impedance. This can be achieved by connecting a large surface area of the cabinet to ground, for example by mounting the frequency converter on a conductive rear plate.

Pin no.	Termi- nal	Colour	Name
1	V-	Black	GND
2	CAN_L	Blue	CAN LOW
3	Drain	(bare)	Screen
4	CAN_H	White	CAN HIGH
5	V+	Red	+24 V



NB!

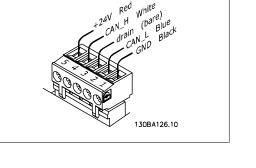
Particularly when there are long distances between the stations in a DeviceNet network, it may be necessary to use additional potential equalizing cables, connecting the individual stations to the same earth potential.

2.1.7. DeviceNet Connection

It is essential to terminate the bus line properly. A mismatch of impedance may result in reflections on the line that will corrupt data transmission. The DeviceNet control card is provided with a plug-cable connector. When a plug connector is used as a splice between two trunk lines, the removal of devices will not sever the network. If required, strain relief must be provided by the developer. In current installations of this type of connector, the strain relief is attached to the product.



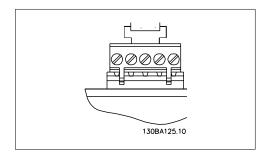
Install wires only when the network is inactive. This will prevent problems such as shorting the network supply or disrupting communications.



2.1.8. DeviceNet Termination

Termination resistors should be installed at each end of the bus line. The resistors must be mounted between terminal 2 (CAN_L) and terminal 4 (CAN_H) and should have the following specification:

121 Ohm, 1 % Metal film, 1/4 Watt



2.1.9. Drop Cable

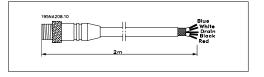
An alternative to splicing two trunk lines in the connector on the control card is to use a DeviceNet connection box or a T-connector. For this kind of installation a drop cable is available as an option.

Drop cable order number: 195N3113

The connector is a micro-style, male, with rotating coupling nut, and fits into a Micro Device port.

2.1.10. Network Power Consumption

The DeviceNet option is powered via the internal power supply in the drive. The network voltage (+24 V) is detected only to determine if the bus is energized or not, thus the current draw from the network is negligible.

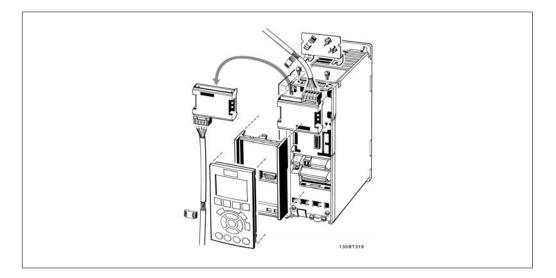


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2.2. Installation of Option in the Frequency

To install a fieldbus option in the frequency converter you will need:

- The fieldbus option
- Fieldbus option adaptor frame for the frequency converter. This frame is deeper than the standard frame, to allow space for the fieldbus option beneath.
- Cable holders



Instructions:

- Remove the LCD panel from the frequency converter.
- Remove the frame located beneath and discard.
- Push the option into place. Two positions are possible, with cable terminal facing either up or down. The cable up position is often most suitable when several frequency converters are installed side by side in a rack, as this position permits shorter cable lengths.
- Push the fieldbus option adaptor frame for the frequency converter into place.
- Replace the LCD panel.
- Attach cable.
- Fasten the cable in place using cable holders. The top surface of the frequency converter has pre-drilled threaded holes for attaching the cable holders to the unit.
- If an option is installed after initial power-up the frequency converter will be tripped and display: Alarm 67 *Option Change*.



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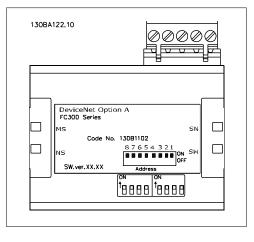


3. How to Configure the System

3.1. Configure the DeviceNet Network

All DeviceNet stations that are connected to the same bus network must have a unique station address. The DeviceNet address of the frequency converter can be selected via:

- Hardware switches (default 63)
- Parameter 10-02 *MAC ID* (default 63)
- Class code 0X03, Instance 1, Attribute 1



3.1.1. Setting the DeviceNet Address using the Hardware Switches

Setting the DeviceNet Address using the Hardware Switches: Using the hardware switches it is possible to select an address range from 0-63 (factory setting 63) according to the table below:

Switch	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
Address value	-	-	+32	+16	+8	+4	+2	+1
Ex. address 5	-	-	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Ex. address 20	-	-	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Ex. address 35	-	-	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON



Switch off the power supply before changing the hardware switches.

The address change will come into effect at the next power-up, and can be read in par. 10-02 *MAC ID*.

3.1.2. Setting the DeviceNet Address via Par. 10-02 MAC ID

The address can be set via par. 10-02 *MAC ID* if the hardware switches are set to 63 (factory setting). The address change will come into effect at the next power-up.

3.1.3. Setting the DeviceNet Address with the Object Class Code 0x03, Attribute 1, Instance 1

The address can be set via the DeviceNet object class code 0x03 attribute 1 command if the hardware switch is set to 63 (factory setting). A new address becomes effective immediately after the class code 0x03, Instance 1, Attribute 1 command.

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3.1.4. Baud Rate Setting

All DeviceNet stations connected to the same bus network must have the same Baud rate. The baud rate of the frequency converter can be selected via:

- Hardware switches
- Par. 10-01 Baudrate Select (default 125k Baud)
- Object Class code 0x03, Instance 1, Attribute 2.

3.1.5. Setting the DeviceNet Baud Rate using the Hardware Switches

Using the hardware switches it is possible to select a baud rate of 125k baud (factory setting), 250k baud or 500 k baud according to the following table:

Baud rate switch	8	7
Par. 10-01	1	1
125 k Baud	0	0
250 k Baud	0	1
500 k Baud	1	0



NB!

Switch off the power supply before changing the hardware switches.

The baud rate change will come into effect at the next power-up, and can be read in par. 10-01 *Baudrate select*.

3.1.6. Setting the DeviceNet Baud Rate via Par. 10-01 Baudrate select

The baud rate can be set via par. 10-01 *Baudrate select* if the hardware switches 1 and 2 are set to ON (factory setting). The baud rate change will come into effect at the next power-up.

3.1.7. Setting the DeviceNet Baud Rate with the Object Class Code 0x03 Attribute 2

The baud rate can be set via the DeviceNet object class code 0x03 attribute 2 command, if the hardware switches 1 and 2 are set to ON (factory setting). A new baud rate becomes effective immediately after the class code 0x03 attribute 2 command.

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3.2. Configure the Master

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3.2.1. EDS File

A large part area of the system configuration is the setting of application related parameters. EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) files simplify the setting up of most of the DeviceNet configurable parameters. Danfoss provides a generic English EDS file covering all voltage and power sizes, for offline configuration. The EDS file can be downloaded from http://www.danfoss.com/drives.



The EDS-file does not contain all parameters but a selected, limited number of parameters with generic minimum, maximum and default values.

3.3. Configure the Frequency Converter

3.3.1. VLT Parameters

Pay particular attention to the following parameters when configuring the frequency converter with a DeviceNet interface. Please refer to the Parameters chapter for more details of each parameter.

- Par. 0-40 [Hand on] key on LCP.
 If the Hand button on the frequency converter is activated, control of the drive via the DeviceNet interface is disabled. After initial power-up the frequency converter will automatically detect whether a fieldbus option is installed in slot A, and set par. 8-02 Control Word Source to [Option A]. If an option is added to, changed in or removed from an already commissioned drive, it will not change par. 8-02 but will enter Trip Mode, and the frequency converterwill display an error.
- Par. 8-10 *Control Word Profile* (see section *How to Control the Frequency Converter*). Choose between the Danfoss FC Profile and the ODVA profile. Select the desired DeviceNet instance in par. 10-10 *Process Data Type Selection*.
- Par. 8-50 to 8-56 (see section *Parameters*). Selection of how to gate the DeviceNet control commands with digital input command of the control card.
- Par. 8-03 to 8-05. The reaction in the event of a bus time out is set via these parameters
- Par.. 10-01 *Baud rate*. Default is 125 kbps.
- Par. 10-02 MAC ID. Default is 63.

3.3.2. LEDs

The DeviceNet control card contains two bi-colour (green/red) LEDs for each connector hook-up port, to indicate the state of the device and the network respectively. For details of the range of communications status indicated by the LEDs, please refer to the Troubleshooting chapter.

4. How to Control the Frequency Converter

4.1. DeviceNet Process Control Modes

This section describes two of three possible process control modes: Polling and Change of State (COS).

The third FC control mode uses the acyclical mode Explicit Messaging via the Standard DeviceNet Control Supervisory object CLASS 29H. The Control Supervisory object is described within the DeviceNet Object Classes section, How to Access the Parameters chapter.

4.1.1. Polling

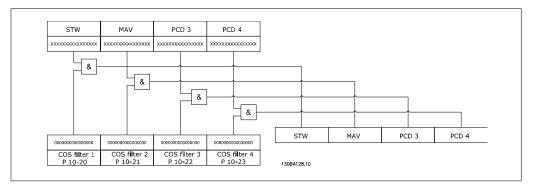
This is a classical Master-Slave connection and the standard DeviceNet operation mode. The master controls the data exchange by sending cyclical poll-requests to the connected slaves, and the slaves answers by sending a poll-response to the master. The master can control and monitor the frequency converter by polling the DeviceNet or Danfoss objects (I/O Instances).

P	OLLED I/	0	
\rightarrow	slave	CTW	MRV
\rightarrow	master	STW	MAV
	\rightarrow	POLLED 1/0 → slave → master	

4.1.2. Change of State, COS

This an event-controlled operation mode used to minimize network traffic. Messages are transmitted only if a defined state or value has changed. The condition for triggering a COS message is determined by the insertion of COS-filters (parameters 10-20 to 10-23), for each bit in the different PCD-words. The filter acts like a logical AND-function: If a bit in the filter is set to "1", the COS-function triggers upon a change to the corresponding bit for the PCD-word.

The figure below shows the different PCDs and their corresponding filter parameters.



Par. 10-20 to 10-23 can be used to filter out undesired events for COS. If a filter bit is set to 0, the corresponding I/0 Instance bit will be unable to produce a COS message. By default, all bits in the COS filters are set to 0.

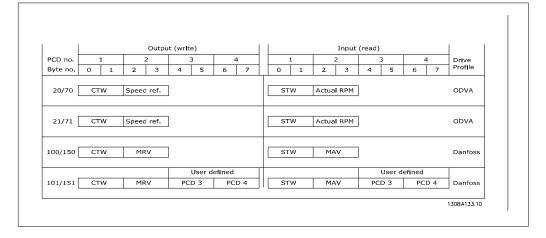
In order to signal that the connection has not been interrupted, or the device is not powered off, a Heartbeat Message is transmitted within a specified time interval (Heartbeat Interval). This interval is defined in Attribute Heartbeat Time of the connection object, Class Code 0x05.

To prevent the device from producing heavy network traffic if a value changes frequently, the Production Inhibit Time (an attribute of the connection object) is defined. This parameter defines the minimum time between two COS messages.

The Attribute Expected Package Rate defines the maximum time between two COS messages even when the value is unchanged. In the event of COS connection, the Explicit Package Rate is identical with the Heartbeat Interval mentioned above. This timer is used both as transmission trigger and inactivity watchdog, depending upon whether the connection is producer or consumer.

4.2. I/O Assembly Instances

I/O Assembly Instances are a number of defined process control objects with defined content comprising control and status information. The figure below shows the I/O Assembly Instance options for controlling and monitoring the frequency converter.



4.3. Process Data

Process data comprises the control and status data in the I/O Assembly Instances.

The CTW, MRV and STW and MAV have defined formats and functions, depending upon the I/O Instance chosen. PCD1 and PCD2 are freely configurable for instance 101/151 via par. 10-11 and 10-12.

The VLT DeviceNet provides a flexible way for the user to customize the number of Process Data (I/O words) and the functionality of each word. To activate the user definable process data, select the I/O Instance 101/151 in par. 10-10 Process Data Type Selection. This will change the I/O size to four words in the input and output area. This selection uses the Danfoss-specific profile for the Control word and Status word as well for the Main Reference Value/Main Actual Value.

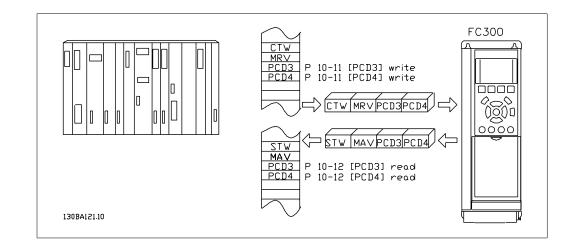
The first two words are fixed on the VLT DeviceNet, whereas the user can select the input and output, PCD 3 and PCD 4. The number of PCDs active in a system is fixed to 2 words.



Selection of Instance 101/151 under par. 10-10 is only possible if FC Profile has been selected in par. 8-10 Control Word Profile.

To enable use of PCD data from the VLT DeviceNet, configure the contents of each single PCD word in par. 10-11 Process Data Config Write and par. 10-12 Process Data Config Read. Changes to par. 10-11 and 10-12 are effected immediately in the PCD data.





4.4. ODVA Control Profile

4.4.1. Control Word under Instances 20/70 and 21/71

Control Word under Instances 20/70 and 21/71 Set par. 8-10 Control Word Profile to ODVA, and select the instance in par. 10-10 Process Data Type Selection.

	Master → Slave	130BA134.10
	CTW	Speed ref. RPM
Blt no.:	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7654321

The control word in Instances 20 and 21 is defined in the overview to the right:



Note that the bits 00 and 02 in Instance 20 are identical with bits 00 and 02 in the more extensive Instance 21.

Bit	Instance	Instance 20		21
	Bit = 0	Bit = 1	Bit = 0	Bit = 1
00	Stop	Run Fwd	Stop	Run Fwd
01	-	-	Stop	Run Rev
02	No func-	Fault re-	No func-	Fault re-
	tion	set	tion	set
03	-	-	-	-
04	-	-	-	-
05	-	-	-	Net Ctrl
06	-	-	-	Net Ref
07-15	-	-	-	-

Explanation of the Bits:

Bit 0, Run Fwd:

Bit 0 = "0" means that the VLT frequency converter has a stop command. Bit 0 = "1" leads to a start command and the VLT frequency converter will start to run the motor clockwise.

Bit 1, Run Rev: Bit 1 = "0" leads to a stop of the motor. Bit 1 = "1" leads to a start of the motor.

Bit 2, Fault Reset: Bit 2 = "0" means that there is no reset of a trip. Bit 2 = "1" means that a trip is reset.

Bit 3, No function: Bit 3 has no function.

Bit 4, No function: Bit 4 has no function.

Bit 5, Net Control: Bit 5 = "0" means that the drive is controlled from the standard inputs. Bit 5 = "1" means that DeviceNet controls the drive.



Please note that changes will affect par. 8-50 to 8-56.

Bit 6, Net Reference:

NB!

Bit 6 = "0" Reference is from the standard inputs. Bit 6 = "1" Reference is from DeviceNet.



Please note that changes will affect parameters 3-15 to 3-17 Reference source X.

For the Speed reference, see section Bus Speed Reference Value under Instances 20/70 and 21/71.

4.4.2. Status Word under Instances 20/70 and 21/71

The status word in Instances 70 and 71 is defined in the overview to the right:

:	Slave → Master	1308A135.10	
	STW	Actual RPM	
Bit no.:	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7654321	



NB!

Note that the bits 00 and 02 in Instance 70 are identical with bits 00 and 02 in the more extensive Instance 71.

Bit	Instance	Instance 70		Instance 71	
	Bit = 0	Bit = 1	Bit = 0	Bit = 1	
00	-	Fault	-	Fault	
01	-	-	-	Warning	
02	-	Running 1 Fwd	-	Running 1 Fwd	
03	-	-	-	Running 2 Rev.	
04	-	-	-	Ready	
05	-	-	-	Ctrl from Net	
06	-	-	-	Ref. from Net	
07	-	-	-	At ref.	
08-15	-	State Attribute			

Explanation of the Bits:

Bit 0, Fault:

Bit 0 = "0" means that there is no fault in the frequency converter. Bit 0 = "1" means that there is a fault in the frequency converter.

Bit 1, Warning:

Bit 0 = "0" means that there is no unusual situation.

Bit 0 = "1" means that an abnormal condition has arisen.

Bit 2, Running 1:

Bit 2 = "0" means that the drive is not in one of these states or that Run 1 is not set. Bit 2 = "1" means that the drive state attribute is enabled or stopping, or that Fault-Stop and bit 0 (Run 1) of the control word are set at the same time.

Bit 3, Running 2:

Bit 3 = "0" means that the drive is in neither of these states or that Run 2 is not set. Bit 3 = "1" means that the drive state attribute is enabled or stopping, or that fault-stop and bit 0 (Run 2) of the control word are set at the same time.

Bit 4, Ready:

Bit 4 = "0" means that the state attribute is in another state.

Bit 4 = "1" means that the state attribute is ready, enabled or stopping.

Bit 5, Control from net:

Bit 5 = "0" means that the drive is controlled from the standard inputs. Bit 5 = "1" means that DeviceNet has control (start, stop, reverse) of the drive.

Bit 6, Ref from net:

Bit 6 = "0" means that the reference comes from inputs to the drive.

Bit 6 = "1" means that the reference comes from DeviceNet.

Bit 7, At reference:

Bit 7 = "0" means that the motor is running, but that the present speed is different from the preset speed reference, i.e. the speed is being ramped up/down during start/stop. Bit 7 = "1" means that the drive and reference speeds are equal.

Bit 8 - 15, State attribute:

(Instance 71 only) Represents the state attribute of the drive, as indicated in the table to the right:

Bit Num- ber	Meaning
8	(Vendor specific)
9	Start up
10	Not ready
11	Ready
12	Enabled
13	Stopping
14	Fault stop
15	Faulted

For more detail of the actual output speed, see the section Actual Output Speed under Instances 20/70 and 21/71.

4.4.3. Bus Speed Reference Value under Instances 20/70 and 21/71

The speed reference value is transmitted to the frequency converter in the form of a 16bit word. The value is transmitted as a whole number. Negative figures are formatted by means of 2's complement.

Master 🗕 Slave	16 bit
CTW	Speed ref. RPM
	130BA136.10

The bus speed reference has the following format:

Par. 3-00 = "0" [ref_{MIN} -> ref_{MAX}] 0 (0000 Hex) [RPM] =>+ 32767 (7FFF Hex) [RPM]

Par. 3-00 = "1" [-ref_{MAX} -> +ref_{MAX}] -32767 (8001 Hex) =>+32767 [RPM] (7FFF Hex)

The actual reference [Ref. %] in the frequency converter depends on the settings in the following parameters:

Par. 1-23 Motor Frequency Par. 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed Par. 3-03 Maximum Reference

Note that if the bus speed reference is negative, and the control word contains a run reverse signal, the drive will run clockwise (- - is +).

Example:

Par. 1-25 Motor Nominal Speed = 1420 RPM Par. 1-23 Motor Frequency = 50 Hz Par. 3-03 Maximum Reference = 1420 RPM

In order to run the motor at 25%, the reference transmitted must be: (1420*0,25) = 355 =163hex

163hex => 25% => Fout = 12,5Hz

4.4.4. Actual Output Speed under Instances 20/70 and 21/71

Slave 🗕 Master	16 bit
STW	Actual ref. RPM
	130BA137.10

The value of the actual speed of the motor is transmitted in the form of a 16-bit word. The value is transmitted as a whole number. Negative figures are formed by means of 2's complement.

The actual speed value has the following format:

-32767 (8000 Hex) [RPM] -> +32767 [RPM] (7FFF Hex) [RPM]

4.5. Danfoss FC Control Profile

4.5.1. Control Word under Instances 100/150 and 101/151

To select FC protocol in the control word, par. 8-10 Control Word Profile must be set to FC protocol [0]. The control word is used to send commands from a master (PLC or PC) to a slave (frequency converter).

The control word in Instances 100/101 is defined as follows to the right:

I	Master → Slave	130BA134.10
l	CTW	Speed ref. RPM
Bit no.:	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7654321

Bit	Bit value = 0	Bit value = 1
00	Reference value	External selection lsb
01	Reference value	External selection msb
02	DC brake	Ramp
03	Coasting	No coasting
04	Quick stop	Ramp
05	Hold output frequency	Use ramp
06	Ramp stop	Start
07	No function	Reset
08	No function	Jog
09	Ramp 1	Ramp 2
10	Data invalid	Data valid
11	No function	Relay 01 active
12	No function	Relay 04 active
13	Parameter set-up	Selection lsb
14	Parameter set-up	Selection msb
15	No function	Reverse

Explanation of the Control Bits:

Bits 00/01

Bits 00 and 01 are used to choose between the four reference values, which are pre-programmed in par. 3-10 *Preset Reference* according to the table to the right:

Pro- gram- med ref. value	Param- eter	Bit 01	Bit 00
1	3-10 [0]	0	0
2	3-10 [1]	0	1
3	3-10 [2]	1	0
4	3-10 [3]	1	1



NB!

In par. 8-56 Preset Reference Select a selection is made to define how Bit 00/01 gates with the corresponding function on the digital inputs.

Bit 02, DC brake:

Bit 02 = 0' leads to DC braking and stop. Braking current and duration are set in par. 2-01 DC Brake Current and 2-02 DC Braking Time. Bit 02 = '1' leads to ramping.

Bit 03, Coasting:

Bit 03 = 0' causes the frequency converter to immediately "let go" of the motor (the output transistors are "shut off"), so that it coasts to a standstill.

Bit 03 = '1' enables the frequency converter to start the motor if the other starting conditions have been fulfilled.



In par. 8-50 Coasting Select a selection is made to define how Bit 03 gates with the corresponding function on a digital input.

Bit 04, Quick stop:

Bit 04 = '0' causes a stop, in which the motor speed is ramped down to stop via par. 3-81 Quick Stop Ramp Time.

Bit 05, Hold output frequency:

NB!

Bit $05 = 0^{\circ}$ causes the present output frequency (in Hz) to freeze. The frozen output frequency can then be changed only by means of the digital inputs (parameters 5-10 to 5-15) programmed to Speed up and Speed down.



If Hold output is active, only the following can stop the frequency converter:

- Bit 03 Coasting stop
- Bit 02 DC braking
- Digital input (parameters 5-10 to 5-15) programmed to DC braking, Coasting stop or Reset and coasting stop.

Bit 06, Ramp stop/start:

Bit 06 = '0' causes a stop, in which the motor speed is ramped down to stop via the selected ramp down parameter.

Bit 06 = '1' permits the frequency converter to start the motor, if the other starting conditions have been fulfilled.



NB!

In par. 8-53 Start Select a selection is made to define how Bit 06 Ramp stop/start gates with the corresponding function on a digital input.

Bit 07, Reset:

Bit 07 = '0' does not cause a reset.

Bit 07 = '1' causes the reset of a trip. Reset is activated on the leading edge of the signal, i.e. when changing from logic '0' to logic '1'.

Bit 08, Jog:

Bit 08 = '1' causes the output frequency to be determined by par. 3-19 Jog Speed.

Bit 09, Selection of ramp 1/2:

Bit 09 = "0" means that ramp 1 is active (parameters 3-40 to 3-47). Bit 09 = "1" means that ramp 2 (parameters 3-50 to 3-57) is active.

Bit 10, Data not valid/Data valid:

Is used to tell the frequency converter whether the control word is to be used or ignored. Bit 10 = '0' causes the control word to be ignored, Bit 10 = '1' causes the control word to be used. This function is relevant, because the control word is always contained in the telegram, regardless of which type of telegram is used, i.e. it is possible to turn off the control word if you do not wish to use it in connection with updating or reading parameters.

Bit 11, Relay 01:

Bit 11 = "0" Relay not activated. Bit 11 = "1" Relay 01 activated, provided Control word bit 11 has been chosen in par. 5-40 Function Relay.

Bit 12, Relay 04:

Bit 12 = "0" Relay 04 has not been activated. Bit 12 = "1" Relay 04 has been activated, provided Control word bit 12 has been chosen in par. 5-40 Function Relay.

Bit 13/14, Selection of set-up:

Bits 13 and 14 are used to choose from the four menu set-ups according to the table to the right:

The function is only possible when Multi-Set-ups is selected in par. 0-10 Active Set-up.



In par. 8-55 Set-up Select a selection is made to define how Bits 13/14 gate with the corresponding function on the digital inputs.

Bit 15 Reverse: Bit $15 = 0^{\prime}$ causes no reversing. Bit 15 = '1' causes reversing.

NB!

Set-up	Bit 14	Bit 13
1	0	0
2	0	1
3	1	0
4	1	1

4.5.2. Status Word under Instances 100/150 and 101/151

The status word in Instance 150/151 is defined as follows to the right:

	Slave → Master	130BA135.10
	STW	Actual RPM
Bit no.:	15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8	7654321

Bit	Bit = 0	Bit = 1
00	Control not ready	Control ready
01	Drive not ready	Drive ready
02	Coasting	Enable
03	No error	Trip
04	No error	Error (no trip)
05	Reserved	-
06	No error	Trip lock
07	No warning	Warning
08	Speed ≠ reference	Speed = reference
09	Local operation	Bus control
10	Out of frequency limit	Frequency limit ok
11	No operation	In operation
12	Drive ok	Stopped, auto start
13	Voltage ok	Voltage exceeded
14	Torque ok	Torque exceeded
15	Timer ok	Timer exceeded

Explanation of the Statur Bits:

Bit 00, Control not ready/ready:

Bit 00 = '0' means that the frequency converter has tripped.

Bit 00 = '1' means that the frequency converter controls are ready, but that the power component is not necessarily receiving any power supply (in case of external 24 V supply to controls).

Bit 01, Drive ready:

Bit 01 = '1'. The frequency converter is ready for operation, but there is an active coasting command via the digital inputs or via serial communication.

Bit 02, Coasting stop:

Bit $02 = 0^{\circ}$. The frequency converter has released the motor.

Bit 02 = '1'. The frequency converter can start the motor when a start command is given.

Bit 03, No error/trip:

Bit 03 = '0' means that the frequency converter is not in fault mode. Bit 03 = '1' means that the frequency converter is tripped, and that a reset signal is required to re-establish operation.

Bit 04, No error/error (no trip):

Bit 04 = '0' means that the frequency converter is not in fault mode. Bit $04 = 1^{\prime\prime}$ means that there is a frequency converter error but no trip.

Bit 05, Not used: Bit 05 is not used in the status word.

Bit 06, No error / trip lock:

Bit 06 = '0' means that the frequency converter is not in fault mode.

Bit $06 = 1^{\circ}$ means that the frequency converter is tripped, and locked.

Bit 07, No warning/warning:

Bit 07 = '0' means that there are no warnings.

Bit 07 = '1' means that a warning has occurred.

Bit 08, Speed ≠ reference/speed = reference:

Bit $08 = 0^{\circ}$ means that the motor is running, but that the present speed is different from the preset speed reference. It might, for example, be the case while the speed is being ramped up/ down during start/stop.

Bit $08 = 1^{\prime}$ means that the present motor present speed matches the preset speed reference.

Bit 09, Local operation/bus control:

Bit 09 = '0' means that [STOP/RESET] is activated on the control unit, or that Local control in par. 3-13 Reference site is selected. It is not possible to control the frequency converter via serial communication.

Bit 09 = '1' means that it is possible to control the frequency converter via the fieldbus/ serial communication.

Bit 10, Out of frequency limit:

Bit 10 = '0', if the output frequency has reached the value in par. 4-11 *Motor Speed Low Limit* or par. 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit.

Bit 10 = "1" means that the output frequency is within the defined limits.

Bit 11, No operation/in operation:

Bit $11 = 0^{\prime}$ means that the motor is not running.

Bit 11 = '1' means that the frequency converter has a start signal or that the output frequency is greater than 0 Hz.

Bit 12, Drive OK/stopped, auto start:

Bit $12 = 0^{\prime}$ means that there is no temporary over temperature on the inverter.

Bit 12 = 1' means that the inverter has stopped because of over temperature, but that the unit has not tripped and will resume operation once the over temperature stops.

Bit 13, Voltage OK/limit exceeded:

Bit 13 = '0' means that there are no voltage warnings.

Bit 13 = '1' means that the DC voltage in the frequency converter's intermediate circuit is too low or too high.

Bit 14, Torque OK/limit exceeded:

Bit 14 = 0' means that the motor current is lower than the torque limit selected in part 4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode or par. 4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode.

Bit 14 = 1 means that the torque limit in par. 4-16 and 4-17 has been exceeded.

Bit 15, Timer OK/limit exceeded:

Bit $15 = 0^{\circ}$ means that the timers for motor thermal protection and VLT thermal protection, respectively, have not exceeded 100%.

Bit 15 = '1' means that one of the timers has exceeded 100%.

4.5.3. Bus Reference Value under Instances 100/150 and 101/151

The frequency reference value is transmitted to the frequency converter in the form of a 16bit word. The value is transmitted as a whole number (-32767 to 32767). Negative figures are formatted by means of 2's complement.

Master \rightarrow slave	16 bit
CTW	Speed ref. RPM

The bus reference has the following format:

100% = 4000 Hex

Par. 3-00 = "0" ["ref_{MIN} -> ref_{MAX}"] 0 -> 16384 (4000 Hex) ~ 0 -> 100%

Par. 3-00 = "1" [- ref_{MAX} -> + ref_{MAX}] -16384 (C000 Hex) -> +16384 (4000 Hex) ~ -100% -> +100%

4.5.4. Actual Output Frequency under Instances 100/150 and 101/151

The value of the actual output frequency of the frequency converter is transmitted in the form of a 16-bit word. The value is transmitted as a whole number (-32767 -> 32767) Negative figures are formed by means of 2's complement.

ol
Slave \rightarrow master 16 bit
STW Actual ref. RPM

The actual output frequency has the following format:

-32767 ->+32767.

-16384 (C000 Hex) corresponds to -100%, and 16384 (4000 Hex) corresponds to 100%.



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5. How to Access the Parameters

5.1. Explicit Messages

DeviceNet is based on the CAN protocol. This means that every message contains an 11-bit CAN identifier field to define the connection ID. These CAN identifiers are also used to determine access priority.

The MAC ID is stored in the header of the message, which is split into four different message groups.

10	9	8	7	6	5	4 3 2 1 0		0	Identifier bits			
0	6	Group) 1 II	C	Source MAC ID			ID		Message Group 1		
1	0			MAC	DI C	ID Group 2 ID			up 2	ID	Message Group 2	
1	1	Gro	oup 3	3 iD		So	urce	MAC	ID		Message Group 3	
1	1	1	1	1		(Group	5 4 II	D		Message Group 4	
1	1	1	1	1	1	1			Х	Invalid Can Identifiers		

FC 100, 200 and 300 parameters can be accessed by the Standard DeviceNet service Explicit Message. Two classes of explicit messages are supported: Message group 2: Explicit messages take place via pre-defined master/slave connections. Message group 3: Explicit messages take place via dynamically established lower prioritized connections.

5.2. Object Classes

The following Standard DeviceNet objects can be accessed:

Class ID 01h	Identity Object	Class ID 10h	Parameter Group Object
Class ID 03h	DeviceNet Object	Class ID 28h	Motor Data Object
Class ID 04h	Assembly Object	Class ID 29h	Control Supervisory Object
Class ID 05h	Connection Object	Class ID 2Ah	AC/DC Drive Object
Class ID 0Fh	Parameter Object	Class ID 2Bh	Acknowledge Handler Object

The following DeviceNet Vendor Specific Objects are also available:

Class ID 100d to 119d Danfoss Classes.

The above Object classes are described in the following sections: *DeviceNet Object Classes* and *Danfoss Object Classes*.

5.3. DeviceNet Object Classes

5.3.1. Class ID 01h Identity Object

This is a standard DeviceNet Object for identification of the device (frequency converter). The Heartbeat Interval can be set in this Object. The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.2. Class ID 0x01

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Min/ Max	Units	Default	Description
1	Get	Vendor	USINT			97	Danfoss Drives Vendor Code
2	Get	Device Type	UNIT			2	AD/DC Motor
3	Get	Product Code	UNIT			100	See EDS File Sec- tion
4	Get	Revision	UNIT				Software version on FC 100, 200 or 300
5	Get	Status	UNIT				
6	Get	Serial Number	UDINT				From frequency converter
7	Get	Product Name	String				FC 100, 200 or 300
10	Get/Set	Heartbeat Interval	USINT	0-255	sec	0	Off

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5.3.3. Class ID 03h DeviceNet Object

This is a standard DeviceNet Object for configuration and status of the DeviceNet connection. The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.4. Class ID 0x03

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Min/ Max	Units	Default	Description
1	Get/Set	MAC ID	USINT	0-63		63	Node address
2	Get/Set	Baud Rate	USINT	0-2		0	0=125 1=250 2=500
4	Get	BOC					Bus-Off Counter
5	Get	Allocate informa- tion					Only required if predefined Mas- ter/Slave is im- plemented
6	Get	MAC ID Switch changed	BOOL	0-1		0	The node ad- dress switch has changed since the last power- up/reset
7	Get	Baud rate switched from last power up	BOOL	0-1		0	The baud rate switch has changed since the last power- up

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5.3.5. Class ID 04h Assembly Object

This is a standard DeviceNet Object for transfer of the I/O Instances (Process Data) described in the section "How to control the Frequency Converter". Using this it is possible to send or read any of the defined Instances, either by polling or explicit messaging.

The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.6. Class ID 0x04

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Min/ Max	Units	Default	Description
3	Set	Data	ARRAY				

In- stance	Access	Size	Description	Parameters 10-10 selec- tion:
20	Set	2 Words	DeviceNet AC/DC Profile	Instance 20/70
21	Set	2 Words	DeviceNet AC/DC Profile	Instance 21/71
70	Get	2 Words	DeviceNet AC/DC Profile	Instance 20/70
71	Get	2 Words	DeviceNet AC/DC Profile	Instance 21/71
100	Set	2 Words	Danfoss specific, no PCD Words	Instance 100/150
101	Set	4 Words	Danfoss specific, 2 PCD Words	Instance 101/151
150	Get	2 Words	Danfoss specific, no PCD Words	Instance 100/150
151	Get	4 Words	Danfoss specific, 2 PCD Words	Instance 101/151

5.3.7. Class ID 05h Connection Object

This is a standard DeviceNet Object for allocation and managing I/O and explicit messaging connections. For this class three Instances are supported: Explicit Messages, Polled I/O and Change of State connections.

The attributes supported for the different instances are listed below.

5.3.8. Instance 1 Attributes: Explicit Message Instance

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Description
1	Get	State	USINT	State of the object
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	Indicates either I/O or Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trig- ger	USINT	Defines behaviour of the connection
4	Get	Produced Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field when the connection trans- mits
5	Get	Consumed Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field value that denotes message to be received
6	Get	Initial Communi- cation Character- istics	USINT	Defines the message group(s) across which pro- ductions and consumptions associated with this connection occur
7	Get	Produced Connectin size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes transmitted across this connection
8	Get	Consumed Connec- tion size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes received across this connection
9	Get/Set	Expected Package Rate	UINT	Defines value used in Transmission Trigger Tim- er and Inactivity/Watchdog timer
12	Get	Watchdog timeout action	USINT	Defines how to handle Inactivity/Watchdog timeout
13	Get	Produced Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of Bytes in the produced connection path attribute
14	Get	Produced Connecti- no Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) whose data is to be produced by these Connection Objects
15	Get	Consumd Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of bytes in the consumed connection path attribute
16	Get	Consumed Connec- tion Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) that are to re- ceive the data consumed by this Connection ob- ject
17	Get	Production Inhibit Time	UINT	Defines minimum time between new data pro- ductin. This attribute is required for I/O Client connection.

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5.3.9. Instance 2 Attributes: Polled I/O

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Description
1	Get	State	USINT	State of the object
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	Indicates either I/O or Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trig- ger	USINT	Defines behaviour of the connection
4	Get	Produced Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field when the connection trans- mits
5	Get	Consumed Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field value that denotes message to be received
6	Get	Initial Communi- cation Character- istics	USINT	Defines the message group(s) across which pro- ductions and consumptions associated with this connection occur
7	Get	Produced Connectin size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes transmitted across this connection
8	Get	Consumed Connec- tion size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes received across this connection
9	Get/Set	Expected Package Rate	UINT	Defines value used in Transmission Trigger Tim- er and Inactivity/Watchdog timer
12	Get	Watchdog timeout action	USINT	Defines how to handle Inactivity/Watchdog timeout
13	Get	Produced Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of Bytes in the produced connection path attribute
14	Get	Produced Connecti- no Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) whose data is to be produced by these Connection Objects
15	Get	Consumd Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of bytes in the consumed connection path attribute
16	Get	Consumed Connec- tion Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) that are to re- ceive the data consumed by this Connection ob- ject
17	Get	Production Inhibit Time	UINT	Defines minimum time between new data pro- ductin. This attribute is required for I/O Client connection.

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5.3.10. Instance 4: Change of State/Cycle

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Description
1	Get	State	USINT	State of the object
2	Get	Instance Type	USINT	Indicates either I/O or Explicit Message
3	Get	Transport Class Trig- ger	USINT	Defines behaviour of the connection
4	Get	Produced Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field when the connection trans- mits
5	Get	Consumed Connec- tion ID	UINT	CAN Identifier Field value that denotes message to be received
6	Get	Initial Communi- cation Character- istics	USINT	Defines the message group(s) across which pro- ductions and consumptions associated with this connection occur
7	Get	Produced Connectin size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes transmitted across this connection
8	Get	Consumed Connec- tion size	UINT	Maximum number of bytes received across this connection
9	Get/Set	Expected Package Rate	UINT	Defines value used in Transmission Trigger Tim- er and Inactivity/Watchdog timer
12	Get	Watchdog timeout action	USINT	Defines how to handle Inactivity/Watchdog timeout
13	Get	Produced Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of Bytes in the produced connection path attribute
14	Get	Produced Connecti- no Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) whose data is to be produced by these Connection Objects
15	Get	Consumd Connec- tion Path Length	UINT	Number of bytes in the consumed connection path attribute
16	Get	Consumed Connec- tion Path	Array of USINT	Specifies the Application object(s) that are to re- ceive the data consumed by this Connection ob- ject
17	Get	Production Inhibit Time	UINT	Defines minimum time between new data pro- ductin. This attribute is required for I/O Client connection.

5.3.11. Class ID 0F4 Parameter Object

This object is an interface to the parameters of the drive. It identifies configurable parameters and supplies their description, including min. and max. values and a descriptive text.

The attributes supported are listed below.

Attribute	Access	Stub/ Full	Name	Data type	Description
1	Set/Get	Stub	Parameter value	Data type ¹	Actual value of parameter
2	Get	Stub	Link path size	USINT	Size of link path
3	Get	Stub	Link path	ARRAY	DeviceNet's path to parameter's origin
			Segment type/ port	BYTE	
			Segment Ad- dress	Path	
4	Get	Stub	Descriptor	WORD	Description of parameter
5	Get	Stub	Data type	EPATH	Data type code
6	Get	Stub	Data size	USINT	Number of bytes in parameter value
7	Get	Full	Parameter name string	SHORT STRING	Human readable text string representing pa- rameter name
8	Get	Full	Units string	SHORT STRING	Human readable text string representing pa- rameter name
9	Get/Set	Full	Help string	SHORT STRING	Human readable text string representing pa- rameter name
10	Get	Full	Min value	Data type ¹	Min valid value
11	Get	Full	Max value	Data type ¹	Max valid value
12	Get	Full	Default value	Data type ¹	Parameters default value
13	Get	Full	Scaling multiplier	UINT	Multiplier for scaling factor
14	Get	Full	Scaling divisor	UINT	Divisor for scaling factor
15	Get	Full	Scaling base	UINT	Base for scaling formula
16	Get	Full	Scaling offset	INT	Offset for scaling formula
17	Get	Full	Multiplier link	UINT	Parameter instance of multiplier source
18	Get	Full	Divisor link	UINT	Parameter instance of divisor source
19	Get	Full	Base link	UINT	Parameter instance of base source
20	Get	Full	Offset link	UINT	Parameter instance of offset source
21	Get	Full	Decimal preci- sion	USINT	Specifies parameter value format

 1 = Same data type as the parameter.

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5.3.12. Class ID 10h Parameter Group Object

This Object defines 14 parameter groups for all FC 100, 200 and 300 parameters. One Class instance exists for each parameter group. A read out of an instance will contain the name of the current parameter group.

Group	In-	Nam	ne (m	ax. 1	.6 ch	aract	ers)										
	stance																
0	1	0	Р	E	R	Α	Т	Ι	0	Ν		D	Ι	S	Р	L	
1	2	L	0	Α	D		М	0	Т	0	R						
2	3	В	R	Α	К	Е	S										
3	4	R	Е	F	Е	R	E	Ν	С	Е		R	Α	М	Р	S	
4	5	L	Ι	М	Ι	Т	S		W	Α	R	Ν	Ι	Ν	G	S	
5	6	D	Ι	G	Ι	Т	Α	L		Ι	Ν		0	U	Т		
6	7	Α	Ν	Α	L	0	G		Ι	Ν		0	U	Т			
7	8	C	0	Ν	Т	R	0	L	L	Е	R	S					
8	9	C	0	М	М			Α	N	D		0	Р	Т	Ι	0	Ν
9	10	C	Α	Ν		F	Ι	E	L	D	В	U	S				
10	11	S	Р	Е	С	Ι	Α	L		F	U	Ν	С	Т	Ι	0	Ν

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5.3.13. Class ID 28 Motor Data Object

In this object, the current motor data can be configured and read out. The Instances, attributes and services supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.14. Class ID 0/28 Motor Data Object

Attrib- ute	Access	Name	Data type	Generic maximum values	Units	Default	Description	Parameter reference
3	Get/set	Motor type	USINT	7		7	7 = Squirrel Cage Induction Motor	1-11
6	Get/set	Rated current	UNIT	0-100.00	100mA	Drive dependent	Stator Current rating (from motor nameplate)	1-24
7	Get/set	Rated voltage	UNIT	200-500	volt	Drive dependent	Base Voltage rating (from motor nameplate)	1-22
8	Get/set	Rated power	UDINT	0-18500	Watt	Drive dependent	Power rating at rated frequency (from motor nameplate)	1-20
9	Get/set	Rated frequen- cy	UNIT	1-1000	Hz	Drive dependent	Elec. frequency rating (from motor nameplate)	1-23
12	Get/set	Pole count	UINT			Drive dependent	Number of poles in the motor	1-39
15	Get/set	Base speed	UNIT	100-60000	RPM	Drive dependent	Nominal motor speed (from motor nameplate)	1-25

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5.3.15. Class ID 29h Control Supervisory Object

The Control Supervisory Object can be used for process control and monitoring of the frequency converter, as an alternative to the I/O Instances defined in the section "How to control the Frequency Converter".

The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.16. Class ID 0x29

Attribute	Access	Name	Data type	Min/ Max	Default	Description
3	Get/Set	Run 1	Bool	0-1		Run Fwd, see note below
4	Get/Set	Run 2	Bool	0-1		Run rev, see note below
5	Get/Set	NetCtrl	Bool	0-1	1	0 = Local Control 1 = Control from Network
6	Get	State	USINT	0-7		0 = Vendor specific 1 = Start up 2 = Not ready 3 = Ready 4 = Enabled 5 = Stopping 6 = Fault stop 7 = Fault
7	Get	Running 1	Bool	0-1	0	0 = Other state 1 = (Enable and Run 1) or (Stopping and Running 1) or (Fault Stop and Running 1)
8	Get	Running 2	Bool	0-1	0	0 = Other state 1 = (Enable and Run 2) or (Stopping and Running 2) or (Fault Stop and Running 2)
9	Get	Ready	Bool	0-1		0 = Other state 1 = Ready or Enabled or Stopping
10	Get	Fault	Bool	0-1	0	0 = No Faults Present 1 = Fault Occured (latched)
12	Get/Set	Fault Rst	Bool	0-1		0 = No Action 1 ->1 = Reset Fault
13	Get	Fault Code	UINT			
15	Get	Ctrl From Net	Bool	0-1	1	0 = Control is local 1 = Control is from Network
16	Get/Set	DN Fault Mode	UINT	0-2	1	Action on loss of DeviceNet 0 = Fault + Stop 1 = Ignore (Warning Optional) 2 = Danfoss specific

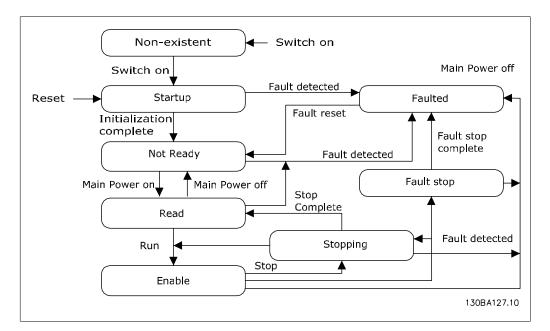


NB!

The ODVA drive profile selected in par. 10-10 *Process Data Type Selection* is available only when Instances 20/70 or 21/71 are selected.

The State – Transition diagram below shows how the frequency converter will respond to the various command attributes associated with Class ID 0x29.

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5.3.17. Class ID 2Ah AC/DC Drive Object

Use this object to set and read out a range of FC 100, 200 or 300 drive control and status information. The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

Attribute	Access	Name	Data	Min/	Default	Description
			type	Max		
3	Get	At Reference	Bool	0-1		0 = Drive not at reference
						1 = Drive at reference
4	Get/Set	Net REf	Bool	0-1	1	0 = Set reference at non-DeviceNet refer
						ence
						1 = Set reference at DeviceNet reference
6	Get/Set	Drive Mode	USINT	0-1	1	0 = Vendor specific mode
						1 = Open loop speed (Frequency)
						2 = Closed loop speed control
7	Get	Speed Actual	INT		RPM/2 ^{Speed Scale}	Actual drive speed
						(best approximation)
8	Get/Set	Speed Ref	INT		RPM/2 ^{Speed Scale}	Speed reference
22	Get/Set	Speed Scale	SINT	-128-127		Speed scaling factor
29	Get	Ref from Net	Bool	0-1		0 = Local speed reference
						1 = DeviceNet speed reference

5.3.18. Class ID 0x2A

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5.3.19. Class ID 2Bh (Acknowledge Handler Object)

Use this object to manage message reception acknowledgements, necessary for Change-Of-State support.

The attributes supported for this class are listed below.

5.3.20. Class ID 0x2B

Attribute	Access	Name	Data	Min/	Default	Description
			type	Max		
1	Set	ACK Timer	UINT	0-65535	16	Time top wait for ACK before resending
2	Get/Set	Retry Timer	USINT	0-255	1	Number of ACK-timeouts to wait before producing. RetryLimit_Reache event.
3	Get/Set	COS	UINT			Connection instance ID

5.4. Danfoss Object Classes

Use the Danfoss classes for read and write of all FC 100, 200 or 300 parameter values. For each parameter group a corresponding object Class is defined. The following table shows the classes supported, and their relationship to the FC 100, 200 and 300 parameters.

Instance Description

The Danfoss VLT DeviceNet uses Instance 1 only; so always leave this at the value of 1.

Attribute Description

The attributes for the FC 100, 200 or 300 parameter are the last 2 (two) digits of the parameter + 100.

5.4.1. Example

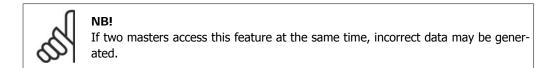
To read from par. 16-62 *Analogue Input 53*, the class, instance and attribute must be set as shown in the table to the right:

Danfoss Classes	
Parameter range	Class
Parameter 0-00 - 0-99	Class 100
Parameter 1-00 - 1-99	Class 101
Parameter 2-00 - 2-99	Class 102
Parameter 3-00 - 3-99	Class 103
Parameter 4-00 - 4-99	Class 104
Parameter 5-00 - 5-99	Class 105
Parameter 6-00 - 6-99	Class 106
Parameter 7-00 - 7-99	Class 107
Parameter 8-00 - 8-99	Class 108
Parameter 10-00 - 10-99	Class 110
Parameter 11-00 - 11-99	Class 111
Parameter 13-00 - 13-99	Class 113
Parameter 14-00 - 14-99	Class 114
Parameter 15-00 - 15-99	Class 115
Parameter 16-00 - 16-99	Class 116

Class	Instance	Attribute
116	1	162

5.5. Reading/Writing to Parameters with Index

Indexed parameters such as 10-11 or 10-12 need special handling since DeviceNet does not support indexed addressing. The way to handle this in the frequency converter is to use par. 10-30 *Parameter Data Types*, which serves as an index pointer. Set up the pointer before each read/ write of an indexed parameter.



5.5.1. Example

Write 16-10 in index 2 in par. 10-12 Process Data Config Read.

First, set up the index pointer in par. 10-30 *Array Index*. In this example index 2:

The next step is to write the data (in this example 16-10) to par. 10-12.

Class	Instance	Attribute	Value
110 Dec	1 Dec	130 Dec	2 Dec
6E Hex	1 Hex	82 Hex	2 Hex

Class	Instance	Attribute	Value
110 Dec	1 Dec	112 Dec	1610 Dec
6E Hex	1 Hex	70 Hex	64A Hex

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6. Parameters

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6. Parameters

8-01 C	Control Site	
Option	:	Function:
[0] *	Digital and ctrl. word	Control by using both digital input and control word.
[1]	Digital only	Control by using digital inputs only.
[2]	Control word only	Control by using control word only.

The setting in this parameter overrides the settings in par. 8-50 to 8-56.

8-02	Control Word Source	
Optior	ו:	Function:
[0]	None	
[1]	FC RS485	
[2]	FC USB	
[3]	Option A	
[4]	Option B	
[5]	Option C0	
[6]	Option C1	
[30]	External Can	Select the source of the control word: one of two serial interfa- ces or four installed options. During initial power-up, the fre- quency converter automatically sets this parameter to <i>Option</i> A [3] if it detects a valid fieldbus option installed in slot A. If the option is removed, the frequency converter detects a change in the configuration, sets par. 8-02 back to default setting <i>FC</i> <i>RS485</i> , and the frequency converter then trips. If an option is installed after initial power-up, the setting of par. 8-02 will not change but the frequency converter will trip and display: Alarm 67 <i>Option Changed</i> . This parameter cannot be adjusted while the motor is running.

8-03 Control Word Timeout Time

Range:		Function:
1.0s*	[0.1 - 18000.0 s]	Enter the maximum time expected to pass between the recep- tion of two consecutive telegrams. If this time is exceeded, it indicates that the serial communication has stopped. The func- tion selected in par. 8-04 <i>Control Word Time-out Function</i> will then be carried out. The time-out counter is triggered by a valid control word.

8-04	8-04 Control Word Timeout Function			
Option	ו:	Function:		
[0] *	Off			
[1]	Freeze Output			
[2]	Stop			



[3]	Jogging	
[4]	Max. Speed	
[5]	Stop and trip	
[7]	Select set-up 1	
[8]	Select set-up 2	
[9]	Select set-up 3	
[10]	Select set-up 4	 Select the time-out function. The time-out function activates when the control word fails to be updated within the time period specified in par. 8-03 <i>Control Word Time-out Time</i>. <i>Off</i> [0]: Resume control via serial bus (Fieldbus or standard) using the most recent control word.
		 Freeze output [1]: Freeze output frequency until com- munication resumes.
		- <i>Stop</i> [2]: Stop with auto restart when communication resumes.
		- <i>Jogging</i> [3]: Run the motor at JOG frequency until communication resumes.
		- <i>Max. freq.</i> [4]: Run the motor at maximum frequency until communication resumes.
		- <i>Stop and trip</i> [5]: Stop the motor, then reset the frequency converter in order to restart: via the fieldbus, via the reset button on the LCP or via a digital input.
		 Select set-up 1-4 [7] - [10]: This option changes the set-up upon reestablishment of communication following a control word time-out. If communication resumes causing the time-out situation to disappear, par. 8-05 <i>End-of-time-out Function</i> defines whether to resume the set-up used before the time-out or to retain the set-up endorsed by the time-out function. Note the following configuration required in order to change the set-up after a time-out: Set Par. 0-10 <i>Active set-up to Multi set-up</i> [9], and select the relevant link in par. 0-12 <i>This Set-up Linked To</i>.

8-05 End-of-Timeout Function		
Option:		Function:
		Select the action after receiving a valid control word following a time-out. This parameter is active only when par. 8-04 is set to [Set-up 1-4].
[0]	Hold set-up	Retains the set-up selected in par. 8-04 and displays a warning, until par. 8-06 toggles. Then the frequency converter resumes its original set-up.
[1] *	Resume set-up	Resumes the set-up active prior to the time-out.

8-06 Re	8-06 Reset Control Word Timeout			
Option:		Function:		
[0] *	Do not reset			

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[1] Do reset	 Select <i>Do reset</i> [1] to return the frequency converter to the original set-up following a control word time-out. When the value is set to <i>Do reset</i> [1], the frequency converter performs the reset and then immediately reverts to the <i>Do not reset</i> [0] setting. Select <i>Do not reset</i> [0] to retain the set-up specified in par. 8-04, <i>Select setup 1-4</i> following a control word time-out. This parameter is active only when <i>Hold set-up</i> [0] has been selected in par. 8-05 <i>End-of-Time-out Function</i>.
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8-07 Diagnosis Trigger			
Option:		Function:	
[0] *	Disable		
[1]	Trigger on alarms		
[2]	Trigger alarms/warn.	This parameter has no function for DeviceNet.	

Option:		Function:
[0] *	FC profile	
[5]	ODVA	When this parameter is set to [0] FC profile, Instances 100/150 and 101/151 are selectable in par. 10-10. When [3] ODVA profile is selected, Instances 20/70 and 21/71 are selectable in par. 10-10.

8-50	8-50 Coasting Select			
Option	า:	Function:		
		Select control of the coasting function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the bus.		
[0]	Digital input			
[1]	Bus			
[2]	Logic AND			
[3] *	Logic OR			



NB! This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

8-51 Quick Stop Select			
Option:		Function:	
[0]	Digital input		
[1]	Bus		
[2]	Logic AND		
[3] *	Logic OR	Select control of the Quick Stop function via the terminals (dig- ital input) and/or via the bus.	

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This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

Option:		Function:
		Select control of the DC brake via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.
[0]	Digital input	
[1]	Bus	
[2]	Logic AND	
[3] *	Logic OR	



This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

8-53 Start Select			
Option:		Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter start function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input		
[1]	Bus	Activates Start command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates Start command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	



NB!

This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

8-54	8-54 Reversing Select			
Optior	n:	Function:		
[0]	Digital input			
[1]	Bus			
[2]	Logic AND			
[3] *	Logic OR	Select control of the frequency converter reverse function via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus. Select <i>Bus</i> [1], to activate the Reverse command via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.		

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Select *Logic AND* [2] to activate the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.

Select *Logic OR* [3] to activate the Reverse command via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.



This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

8-55 Set-up Select			
Option:		Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter set-up selection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input		
[1]	Bus	Activates the set-up selection via the serial communication port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates the set-up selection via the fieldbus/serial communi- cation port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activate the set-up selection via the fieldbus/serial communica- tion port OR via one of the digital inputs.	



NB! This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

8-56	8-56 Preset Reference Select		
Optior	ו:	Function:	
		Select control of the frequency converter Preset Reference se- lection via the terminals (digital input) and/or via the fieldbus.	
[0]	Digital input		
[1]	Bus	Activates Preset Reference selection via the serial communica- tion port or fieldbus option.	
[2]	Logic AND	Activates Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial com- munication port, AND additionally via one of the digital inputs.	
[3] *	Logic OR	Activates the Preset Reference selection via the fieldbus/serial communication port OR via one of the digital inputs.	



NB! This par

This parameter is active only when par. 8-01 *Control Site* is set to [0] *Digital and control word*.

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Range	:	Function:
100 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. This is a fixed jog speed activated via the serial port or fieldbus option.

8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed		
Range:		Function:
200 RPM*	[0 - par. 4-13 RPM]	Enter the jog speed. This is a fixed jog speed activated via the serial port or fieldbus option.

10-00 CAN	Protocol	
Option:		Function:
[0] CAN	open	
[1] * Devi	iceNet	View the active CAN protocol.
		NB! The options depend on installed option.

10-01	Baud Rate Select	
Option:		Function:
[16]	10 Kbps	
[17]	20 Kbps	
[18] [19]	50 Kbps 100 Kbps	
[20] *	125 Kbps	
[21]	250 Kbps	
[22]	500 Kbps	Select the fieldbus transmission speed. The selection must cor- respond to the transmission speed of the master and the other fieldbus nodes.

10-02	10-02 MAC ID				
Range:		Function:			
63* [0 - 127]		Selection of station address. Every station connected to the same DeviceNet network must have an unambiguous address.			
10-0	5 Readout Transr	mit Error Counter			
Rang	e:	Function:			
0*	[0 - 255]	View the number of CAN control transmission errors since the last power-up.			

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10-06	Readout Receive Err	or Counter
Option	:	Function:
[0]	0 - 255	View the number of CAN control receipt errors since the last power-up.
10-07	Readout Bus Off Cou	Inter
Range	:	Function:
0*	[0 - 255]	View the number of Bus Off events since the last power-up.
10-10	Process Data Type S	election
Option	:	Function:
[0]	Instance 100/150	Select the Instance (telegram) for data transmission. The In- stances available are dependent upon the setting of par. 8-10 <i>Control Word Profile</i> . When par. 8-10 is set to [0] <i>FC profile</i> , par. 10-10 options [0] and [1] are available. When par. 8-10 is set to [5] <i>ODVA</i> , par. 10-10 options [2] and [3] are available. Instances 100/150 and 101/151 are Danfoss-specific. Instances 20/70 and 21/71 are ODVA-specific AC Drive profiles. For guidelines in telegram selection, please refer to the Device- Net Operating Instructions. Note that a change to this parameter will be executed immedi- ately.
[1] [2]	Instance 101/151 Instance 20/70	
[3]	Instance 20/70	
[9]		
10-11	Process Data Config	Write
Option	:	Function:
[0]*	None	
	3-02 Minimum reference	
	3-03 Maximum refer- ence	
	3-12 Catch up/slow down value	
	3-41 Ramp 1 ramp up time	
	3-42 Ramp 1 ramp down time	
	3-51 Ramp 2 ramp up time	
	3-52 Ramp 2 ramp down time	

3-80 Jog ramp time3-81 Quick stop ramp

time

4-11 Motor speed low limit (RPM)	
4-13 Motor speed high limit (RPM)	
4-16 Torque limit mo- tor mode	
4-17 Torque limit generator mode	
7-28 Minimum Feed- back	
7-29 Maximum Feed- back	
8-90 Bus Jog 1 Speed	
8-91 Bus Jog 2 Speed	
 16-80 Fieldbus CTW 1 (Fixed)	
16-82 Fieldbus REF 1 (Fixed)	
34-01 PCD 1 Write to MCO	
34-02 PCD 2 Write to MCO	
34-03 PCD 3 Write to MCO	
34-04 PCD 4 Write to MCO	
34-05 PCD 5 Write to MCO	
34-06 PCD 6 Write to MCO	
34-07 PCD 7 Write to MCO	
34-08 PCD 8 Write to MCO	
34-09 PCD 9 Write to MCO	
34-10 PCD 10 Write to MCO	Select the process write data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

10-12 Proces	0-12 Process Data Config Read				
Option:		Function:			
None					
16-00	Control Word				
16-01 [Unit]	Reference				
16-02	Reference %				
16-03 (Fixed	Status Word)				



	16-04 Main Actual /alue [Unit]
	16-05 Main Actual Value (%) (Fixed)
	16-10 Power [kW]
	16-11 Power [hp]
	16-12 Motor Voltage
	16-13 Frequency
1	16-14 Motor Current
1	16-16 Torque
1	16-17 Speed [RPM]
1	16-18 Motor Thermal
	16-19 KTY Sensor Temperature
1	16-21 Phase Angle
1	16-30 DC Link Voltage
1	16-32 BrakeEnergy/s
	16-33 BrakeEnergy/2 min
1	16-34 Heatsink Temp.
	16-35 Inverter Ther- mal
	16-38 SL Control State
	16-39 Controlcard Temp.
	16-50 External Refer- ence
	16-51 Pulse Refer- ence
	16-52 Feedback [Unit]
	16-53 Digi Pot Refer- ence
1	16-60 Digital Input
	16-61 Terminal 53 Switch Setting
	16-62 Analog Input 53
	16-63 Terminal 54 Switch Setting
1	16-64 Analog Input 54
	16-65 Analog Output 42 [mA]
1	16-66 Digital Output [bin]
1	16-67 Freq. Input #29 [Hz]

16-68 Freq. Input #33 [Hz]
16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]
16-70 Pulse Output #29 [Hz]
16-71 Relay Output [bin]
16-84 Comm Option STW
16-85 FC Port CTW 1
16-90 Alarm Word
16-91 Alarm Word 2
16-92 Warning Word
16-93 Warning Word 2
16-94 Extended Sta- tus Word
16-95 Extended Sta- tus Word 2
34-21 PCD 1 Read from MCO
34-22 PCD 2 Read from MCO
34-23 PCD 3 Read from MCO
34-24 PCD 4 Read from MCO
34-25 PCD 5 Read from MCO
34-26 PCD 6 Read from MCO
34-27 PCD 7 Read from MCO
34-28 PCD 8 Read from MCO
34-29 PCD 9 Read from MCO
34-30 PCD 10 Read from MCO
34-40 Digital Inputs
34-41 Digital Outputs
34-50 Actual Position
34-51 Commanded Position
34-52 Actual Master Position
34-53 Slave Index Po- sition



34-54 Master Index Position	
34-55 Curve Position	
34-56 Track Error	
34-57 Synchronizing Error	
34-58 Actual Velocity	
34-59 Actual Master Velocity	
34-60 Synchronizing Status	
34-61 Axis Status	
34-62 Program Status	Select the process read data for I/O Assembly Instances 101/151. Elements [2] and [3] of this array can be selected. Elements [0] and [1] of the array are fixed.

10-1	10-13 Warning Parameter				
Range:		Function:			
0*	[0 - 65535]	View a DeviceNet-specific Warning word. One bit is assigned to every warning. Please refer to the DeviceNet Operating Instructions (MG.33.DX.YY) for further information.			

Bit:	Meaning:
0	Bus not active
1	Explicit connection timeout
2	I/O connection
3	Retry limit reached
4	Actual is not updated
5	CAN bus off
6	I/O send error
7	Initialization error
8	No bus supply
9	Bus off
10	Error passive
11	Error warning
12	Duplicate MAC ID Error
13	RX queue overrun
14	TX queue overrun
15	CAN overrun

10-14 Net Reference

Read only from LCP.

		Select the reference source in Instance 21/71 and 20/70.
[0] *	Off	Enables reference via analog/digital inputs.
[1]	On	Enables reference via the fieldbus.

10-15 Net Control

Read only from LCP.

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		Select the control source in Instance 21/71 and 20-70.
[0] *	Off	Enables control via analog/digital inputs.
[1]	On	enable control via the fieldbus.
10-20	COS Filter 1	
Range	:	Function:
0*	[0 - FFFF]	Sets up the filter mask for the status word. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), it is possible to filter out bits in the status word that should not be sent if they change.
10-21	COS Filter 2	
Range	:	Function:
65535*	[:] [0 - 65535]	Sets up the filter mask for the Main Actual Value. When oper- ating in COS (Change-Of-State), it is possible to filter out bits in the Main actual value that should not be sent if they change.
10-22	COS Filter 3	
Range	:	Function:
65535*	[0 - 65535]	Sets up the filter mask for PCD 3. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), it is possible to filter out bits in PCD 3 that should not be sent if they change.
10-23	COS Filter 4	
Range	:	Function:
65535*	[0 - 65535]	Sets up the filter mask for PCD 4. When operating in COS (Change-Of-State), it is possible to filter out bits in PCD 4 that should not be sent if they change.
10-30	Array Index	
Range		Function:
0*	[0 - 255]	View array parameters. This parameter is valid only when a De- viceNet fieldbus is installed.
10-31	Store Data Values	
Option	:	Function:
[0] *	Off	
[1]	Store edit set-up	
[2]	Store all set-ups	This parameter is used to activate a function that stores all parameter values in the non-volatile memory thus retaining changed parameter values at power down. - <i>'*Off:</i> The store function is inactive.

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- *Store edit set-up:* All parameter values in the set-up selected will be stored in the non-volatile memory.

The value returns to *Off* when all values have been stored.

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- *Store all set-ups:* All parameter values will be stored in the non-volatile memory. The value returns to *Off* when all parameter values have been stored.

10-33	10-33 Store Always				
Optior	1:	Function:			
[0] *	Off				
[1]	On	This parameter is used to select whether parameter data re- ceived via the DeviceNet option should always be stored in non- volatile memory.			

16-90 Alarm Word				
Rang	e:	Function:		
0*	[0 - FFFFFFFF]	View the alarm word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.		

16-92	16-92 Warning Word		
Range	e:	Function:	
0*	[0 - FFFFFFFF]	View the warning word sent via the serial communication port in hex code.	

6.2. Parameter List

Par. No. #	Parameter description	Default value	Range	Conversion index	Data type
8-00	Enabled Options	All [1]	[0 - 7]	-	5
8-01	Control Site	Dig. & ctrl. word [0]	[0 - 2]	-	5
8-02	Control Word Source	FC RS485 [0]	[0 - 4]	-	5
8-03	Control Word Timeout Time	1s	0.1-18000	-1	7
8-04	Control Word Timeout Function	Off [0]	[0 - 10]	-1	5
8-05	End ofTimeout Function	Hold set-up [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
8-06	Reset Control Word Timeout	Do not reset [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
8-07	Diagnosis Trigger	Disable [0]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-10	Control Word Profile	FC profile [0]	[0 - x]	-	5
8-50	Coasting Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-51	Quick Stop Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-52	DC Brake Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-53	Start Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-54	Reversing Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-55	Set-up Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-56	Preset Reference Select	Logic OR [3]	[0 - 3]	-	5
8-90	Bus Jog 1 Speed	100 rpm	0 - par. 4-13	67	6
8-91	Bus Jog 2 Speed	200 rpm	0 par. 4-13	67	6
10-00	CAN Protocol	DeviceNet [1]	[0 - 1]	-	5
10-01	Baud Rate Select	125 Kbps [20]	[20 - 22]	-	5
10-02	MAC ID	63	0 - 63	0	5
10-05	Readout Transmit Error Counter	0	0 - 255	0	5
10-06	Readout Receive Error Counter	0	0 - 255	0	6
10-07	Readout Bus Off Counter	0	0 - 1000	0	
10-10	Process Data Type Selection	[0]/[2]	[0 - 3]	0	5
10-11	Process Data Config Write	0	list	0	5
10-12	Process Data Config Read	0	list	0	5
10-13	Warning Parameter	0	0 - FFFF	0	5
10-14	Net Reference	Off [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
10-15	Net Control	Off [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
10-20	COS Filter 1	0	0 - FFFF	0	6
10-21	COS Filter 2	0	0 - FFFF	0	6
10-22	COS Filter 3	0	0 - FFFF	0	6
10-23	COS Filter 4	0	0 - FFFF	0	6
10-30	Array Index	0	0 - 255	0	6
10-31	Store Data Values	Off [0]	[0 - 2]	-	5
10-32	DeviceNet Revision	-	-	-	6
10-33	Store Always	Off [0]	[0 - 1]	-	5
16-90	Alarm Word	0	0 - FFFF	0	7
16-92	Warning Word	0	0 - FFFF	0	7
		-		-	

6.3. Data Types Supported

6.3.1. Object and Data Types Supported

Data types supported

Data	Description
type	
3	Integer 16
4	Integer 32
5	Unsigned 8
6	Unsigned 16
7	Unsigned 32
9	Visible string
10	Byte string
33	Standardized value (16 bit)
35	Bit sequence
41	Byte
42	Word

6.3.2. Conversion Index

This number refers to a conversion figure used when writing or reading to parameters.

Conversion index	Conversion factor
100	1
	-
67	1/60
6	1000000
5	100000
4	10000
3	1000
2	100
1	10
0	1
-1	0.1
-2	0.01
-3	0.001
-4	0.0001
-5	0.00001
-6	0.000001

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7. Application Examples

7.1. Example: Working with Instance 101/151 Process

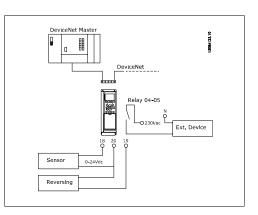
This example shows how to work with I/O Instance 101/151, which consists of Control Word/Status Word and Reference/Main Actual Value. The Instance 101/151 also has two additional words, which can be programmed to monitor process signals, as shown in the figure.

The application requires monitoring of the motor torque and digital input, so PCD 3 is set up to read the actual motor torque. PCD 4 is set up to monitor the state of an external sensor via the process signal digital input. The sensor is connected to digital input 18.

An external device is also controlled via control word bit 11 and the built-in relay of the frequency converter.

Reversing is permitted only when the reversing bit 15 in the control word and the digital input 19 are set to high.

For safety reasons the frequency converter will stop the motor if the DeviceNet cable is broken, the master has a system failure, or the PLC is in stop mode.

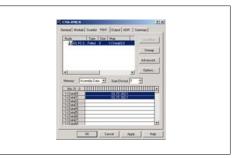


Parameter No.	Function	Setting
4-10	Motor speed range/direction	Both directions [2]
5-10	Digital input 18	No operation [0]
5-11	Digital input 19	Reversing [10]
5-40	Function relay	Control word bit 11 [36] Control word bit 12 [37]
8-03	Control word timeout time	1.0 sec
8-04	Control word timeout function	Stop [2]
8-10	Control word profile	FC Profile
8-50	Coasting select	Bus [1]
8-51	Quick-stop select	Bus [1]
8-52	DC-brake select	Bus [1]
8-53	Start select	Bus [1]
8-54	Reversing select	Logic AND [2]
8-55	Set-up select	Bus [1]
8-56	Preset reference select	Bus [1]
10-01	Baud rate select	- set to match other DeviceNet stations
10-02	MAC ID	- set desired station address
10-10	Process data type selection	Instance 101/151 [1]
10-12	Process Data Config Read	PCD 3: Torque PCD 4: Digital input

7.1.1. Example of PLC Programming

In this example Instance 101/151 is placed in the following Input/Output address:

Input ad-	0.0-0.15	0.16-0.31	1.0-1.15	1.16-1.31
dress				
Set-up	Status	MAV	Motor tor-	Digital in-
	word		que	put



Output ad- dress		0.16-0.31		1.16-1.31
Set-up	Control word	Reference	Not used	Not used

- Nucle	de Scaniel Input Disput	ADN Samar		
1.dout	D Foling # 10 Date	Une		
		Advan	Section 2.	
		. Option		
	Accently Data 🗩 Start S			
Hen 21-1 1 C Danielli			110	
10 Date	01.00	3011		
TO Date				
10.000				

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8. Troubleshooting

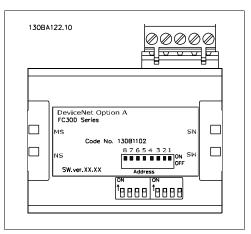
8.1. Troubleshooting

8.1.1. LED Status

First, check the LEDs.

The DeviceNet control card contains two bi-colour (green/red) LEDs to indicate the state of the device and the network respectively.

The upper LED indicates module status (MS). The lower LED indicates network status (NS).



State	Bi-colour LED	Status
No Power	Off	There is no power applied to the option
Device opera-	Green	The DeviceNet option is operating in nor-
tional		mal condition.
Standby	Green	The DeviceNet option needs commission-
		ing due to configuration missing, incom-
		plete or incorrect.
Minor fault	Red Red	Recoverable fault.
Unrecoverable	Red Market States and States	Unrecoverable fault, may need replacing.
fault		
Self test	Green	The DeviceNet option is in Self-test
	Red	mode.

Table 8.1: LED: Module Status (MS)

State	Bi-colour LED	Status
No Power/Not	Off	The option has not completed "Duplicate
on-line		MAC ID" test yet or may not be powered.
On-line, not con-	Green	The option is on-line, but not allocated to
nected		a master.
On-line and con-	Green	The DeviceNet option is on-line and con-
nected		nected to a master.
Connection time-	Red	One or more I/O connections are in time-
out		out state.
Critical link fail-	Red	
ure		

Table 8.2: LED: Network Status (NS)

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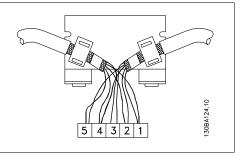
8.1.2. No Communication with the Drive

If there is no communication with the drive, proceed with the following checks:

Check 1: Is the cabling correct?

Check that the cables are connected to the correct terminals as shown in the diagram.

Pin no.	Termi- nal	Colour	Name
1	V-	Black	GND
2	CAN_L	Blue	CAN
			LOW
3	Drain	(bare)	Screen
4	CAN_H	White	CAN
			HIGH
5	V+	Red	+24 V



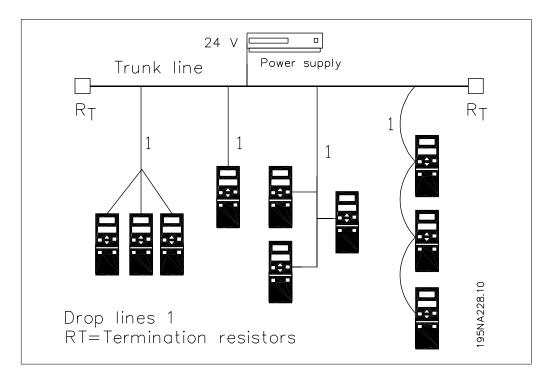
Check 2: Is the 24V network voltage applied?

Check 3: Is the correct EDS file installed?

Download the correct EDS file from http://www.danfoss.com/drives.

Check 4: Is the bus connection terminated at both ends?

If not, terminate the bus connection with termination resistors at the initial and final nodes, as shown in the following diagram. Termination is performed between terminal 2 (CAN_L) and 4 (CAN_H) with a resistor: 121 Ohm, 1% metal film, $\frac{1}{4}$ Watt.



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8.1.3. Drive Will Not Respond to Control Signals

- Danfoss Control Word profile (instances 100/150 and 101/151)

Check 1: Is the Control word valid?

If bit 10=0 in the Control word, then the frequency converter will not accept the Control word, because the default setting is bit 10=1. Set bit 10=1 via the PLC.

<u>Check 2: Is the relationship between bits in the Control word and the terminal I/Os correct?</u> Check the logical relationship in the frequency converter. Set the logic to bit 3=1 AND digital input=1 in order to achieve a successful start.

Define the desired logical relationship in par. 8-50 to 8-56 according to the following range of options. Select the FC control mode, digital input and/or bus communication, using par. 8-50 to 8-56.

The tables below show the effect upon the frequency converter of a coast command for the full range of par. 8-50 settings.

The effect of control mode upon the function of par. 8-50 *Coasting Select*, 8-51 *Quick Stop Select* and 8-52 *DC Brake Select* is as follows:

If *Digital input* [0] is selected, the terminals will control the Coast and DC Brake functions.

If Bus [1] is selected, commands will be activated only when given via the control word.

If Logic AND [2] is selected, both signals must be activated to perform the function.

If Logic OR [3] is selected, activation of one signal will activate the function.

Par. 8-50/51/52 setting: Digital Input [0]						
Terminal	Bit 02/03/04	Function				
0	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop				
0	1	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop				
1	0	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop				
1	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop				

Par. 8-50/51/52 setting: <i>Bus [1]</i>					
Terminal	Bit 02/03/04 Function				
0	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
0	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			

Par. 8-50/51/52 setting: Logic AND [2]					
Terminal	Bit 02/03/04	Function			
0	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
0	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	0	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			

Par. 8-50/51/52 setting: <i>Logic OR [3]</i>					
Terminal	Bit 02/03/04	Function			
0	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
0	1	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	0	Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			
1	1	No Coast/DC brake/Q-Stop			



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Please note that Coasting, Quick Stop and DC brake functions are active for logic "0".

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The effect of control mode upon the function of par. 8-53 Start Select and 8-54 Reversing Select:

If <i>Digital Input</i> [0] is selected, the terminals will control the start and reversing functions	Par. 8-53/54 setting: Digital input [0]TerminalBit 06/15Function00Stop/Anti-clockwise01Stop/Anti-clockwise10Start/Clockwise11Start/Clockwise
If <i>Bus</i> [1] is selected, commands will be activated only when given via the control word.	Par. 8-53/54 setting: Bus [1] Terminal Bit 02/03/04 Function 0 0 Stop/Anti-clockwise 0 1 Start/Clockwise 1 0 Stop/Anti-clockwise 1 1 Start/Clockwise 1 1 Start/Clockwise
If <i>Logic AND</i> [2] is selected, both signals must be activated to perform the function.	Par. 8-53/54 setting:Logic AND [2]TerminalBit 02/03/04Function00Stop/Anti-clockwise01Stop/Anti-clockwise10Stop/Anti-clockwise11Start/Clockwise
If <i>Logic OR</i> [3] is selected, activation of one signal will activate the function.	Par. 8-53/54 setting: Logic OR [3] Terminal Bit 02/03/04 Function 0 0 Stop/Anti-clockwise 0 1 Start/Clockwise 1 0 Start/Clockwise 1 1 Start/Clockwise

The effect of control mode upon the function of par. 8-55 Set-up Select and 8-56 Preset Reference Select:

If *Digital input* [0] is selected, the terminals will control the set-up and preset reference functions.

Par. 8-55/56 s Terminal			00/01,	Function
Msb	Lsb	Msb	Lsb	Preset ref., Set-up no.
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	1
0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	2
0	1	0	1	2
0	1	1	0	2
0	1	1	1	2
1	0	0	0	3
1	0	0	1	3
1	0	1	0	3
1	0	1	1	3
1	1	0	0	4
1	1	0	1	4
1	1	1	0	4
1	1	1	1	4

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If *Bus* [1] is selected, commands will be activated only when given via the control word.

Par. 8-55/56				
Termi	Terminal			Function
		13/14	ł	
Msb	Lsb	Msb	Lsb	Preset ref., Set-up no.
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	2
0	0	1	0	3
0	0	1	1	4
0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	2
0	1	1	0	3
0	1	1	1	4
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	2
1	0	1	0	3
1	0	1	1	4
1	1	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	2
1	1	1	0	3
1	1	1	1	4

Par. 8	Par. 8-55/56 setting: Logic AND [2]				
Terminal		Bit 00/01, 13/14			
Msb	Lsb	Msb	Lsb	Preset ref., Set-up no.	
0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	1	1	
0	0	1	0	1	
0	0	1	1	1	
0	1	0	0	1	
0	1	0	1	2	
0	1	1	0	1	
0	1	1	1	2	
1	0	0	0	1	
1	0	0	1	1	
1	0	1	0	3	
1	0	1	1	3	
1	1	0	0	1	
1	1	0	1	2	
1	1	1	0	3	
1	1	1	1	4	

If *Logic AND* [2] is selected, both signals must be activated to perform the function.

If *Logic OR* [3] is selected, activation of one signal will activate the function.

Par. 8-55/56 Terminal		Bit 13/14	00/01,	Function
Msb	Lsb	Msb	Lsb	Preset ref., Set-up no.
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	2
0	0	1	0	3
0	0	1	1	4
0	1	0	0	2
0	1	0	1	2
0	1	1	0	4
0	1	1	1	4
1	0	0	0	3
1	0	0	1	4
1	0	1	0	3
1	0	1	1	4
1	1	0	0	4
1	1	0	1	4
1	1	1	0	4

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8.1.4. Alarm Word and Warning Word

Alarm word and Warning word are shown on the display in Hex format. If there is more than one warning or alarm, a sum of all warnings or alarms will be shown. Alarm word and warning word can also be displayed using the field bus in par. 16-05, 16-06 and 16-04.

		FC 100/ 200/ 300		
Bit (Hex)	Alarm word	Alarm no.	Major /	Recoverable /
	(Par. 16-90)		minor alarm	unrecoverable alarm
0000001	Unused	-	-	-
0000002	Drive over temperature	29	Major	Recoverable
00000004	Earth fault	14	Major	Unrecoverable
0000008	Unused	-	-	-
00000010	Control word timeout	18	Minor	Recoverable
0000020	Over current	13	Major	Unrecoverable
00000040	Torque limit	12	Major	Recoverable
00000080	Motor thermistor over temp.	11	Major	Recoverable
00000100	Motor ETR over tempera- ture	10	Major	Recoverable
00000200	Inverter overloaded	9	Major	Recoverable
00000400	DC link under voltage	8	Major	Recoverable
00000800	DC link over voltage	7	Major	Recoverable
00001000	Short circuit	16	Major	Unrecoverable
00002000	Inrush fault	33	Major	Recoverable
00004000	Mains phase loss	4	Major	Unrecoverable
0008000	AMA not OK	50	Major	Recoverable
00010000	Live zero error	2	Major	Recoverable
00020000	Internal fault	38	Major	Unrecoverable
00040000	Brake resistor power limit	26	Major	Unrecoverable
00080000	Motor phase U is missing	30	Major	Unrecoverable
00100000	Motor phase V is missing	31	Major	Unrecoverable
00200000	Motor phase W is missing	32	Major	Unrecoverable
00400000	Fieldbus comm. fault	34	Major	Recoverable
00800000	24 V supply fault	47	Major	Unrecoverable
01000000	Mains failure	36	Major	Recoverable
02000000	1.8 V supply fault	48	Major	Unrecoverable
0400000	Brake resistor short circuit	25	Major	Recoverable
08000000	Brake chopper fault	27	Major	Recoverable
1000000	Unused	-	-	-
2000000	Unused	-	-	-
4000000	Unused	-	-	-
8000000	Unused	-	-	-

	FC 100/ 200/ 300	
Bit (Hex)	Warning word (Par. 16-92)	Warning no.
0000001	Unused	-
0000002	Drive over temperature	29
0000004	Earth fault	14
0000008	Unused	-
00000010	Control word timeout	18
0000020	Over current	13
00000040	Torque limit	12
0000080	Motor thermistor over temp.	11
00000100	Motor ETR over temperature	10
00000200	Inverter overloaded	9
00000400	DC link under voltage	8
00000800	DC link over voltage	7
00001000	DC link voltage low	6
00002000	DC link voltage high	5
00004000	Mains phase loss	4
0008000	No motor	3
00010000	Live zero error	2
00020000	10 V low	1
00040000	Brake resistor power limit	26
00080000	Brake resistor short circuit	25
00100000	Brake chopper fault	27
00200000	Speed limit	49
00400000	Fieldbus comm. fault	34
0080000	24 V supply fault	47
01000000	Mains failure	36
02000000	Current limit	59
0400000	Unused	-
0800000	Unused	-
1000000	Unused	-
2000000	Unused	-
4000000	Unused	-
8000000	Warning word 2 (ext. stat. word)	-

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8.2. Alarm/Warning Limits

8.2.1. Warnings and Alarm Messages

There is a clear distinction between alarms and warnings. In the event of an alarm, The frequency converter will enter a fault condition. After the cause for the alarm has been cleared, the master will have to acknowledge the alarm message for the frequency converter to start operating again. A warning on the other hand may come when a warning condition appears, and disappear when conditions return to normal without interfering with the process.

8.2.2. Warnings

All warnings within the frequency converter are represented by a single bit within a warning word. A warning word is always an action parameter. Bit status FALSE [0] means no warning, while bit status TRUE [1] means warning. To each bit and each bit status there is a corresponding text string. In addition to the warning word message the master will also be notified through a change of bit 7 in the Status Word.

8.2.3. Alarms

Following an Alarm message, the frequency converter will enter Fault condition. Only after the fault has been alleviated and the master has acknowledged the alarm message by setting bit 3 in the Control Word, can the frequency converter resume operation. All alarms within the frequency converter are represented by a single bit within an alarm word. An alarm word is always an action parameter. Bit status FALSE [0] means no alarm, while bit status TRUE [1] means alarm.



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VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 2.2 kW / 3.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P2K2T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	134U3038		Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 Installation box only, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Inst.box small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch mains side, With display connector FCD302PXXXT4B66H1SRXMECXXXXXAXBXXXXXDX	134G0889		Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 2.2 kW / 3.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P2K2T4W66H1S1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	134H0826		Buy on EAN

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VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 3.0 kW / 4.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. large stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P3K0T4W66H1X3XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	134G7275	Buy on EAN
VLT® DeviceNet MCA 104, coated	130B1202	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302PK75T4B66H1XXXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X6011	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302P1K5T4B66H1SXXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X6017	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 2.2 kW / 3.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P2K2T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	131Z5133	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302P1K5T4W66H1XXXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	131X6025	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302P1K5T4B66H1XXXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	131X6020	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302P1K1T4W66H1XXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X6022	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.37 kW / 0.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302PK37T4W66H1XXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X5572	Buy on EAN

VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, No switch option, With display connector FCD302PK75T4B66H1S1EMXCEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131X8897	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131Z2409	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K1T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131Z2408	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 3.0 kW / 4.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. large stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch mains side, With display connector FCD302P3K0T4B66H1X3EMECEXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	134U4169	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K1T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	134U4166	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	134U4167	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Drive part, small encl., No brackets, No installation box, No switch option, No Display Connector FCD302PK75T4W66H1XXXXXXXXXA0BXXXXXXD0	131X6013	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302PK75T4B66H1X1EMFCEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131Z2410	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 3.0 kW / 4.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. large stand alone, Flat brackets, Metric threads, Service switch mains side, With display connector FCD302P3K0T4B66H1X3EMECEXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	134U3597	Buy on EAN

VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 2.2 kW / 3.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch mains side, With display connector FCD302P2K2T4W66H1S1XMECFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X8898	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, 40 mm brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4W66H1X1FMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131X0524	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131Z1238	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 2.2 kW / 3.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P2K2T4W66H1S1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXXDX	131Z5120	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.37 kW / 0.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302PK37T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131Z5127	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4W66H1S1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131Z5125	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302PK75T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131Z5129	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.55 kW / 0.75 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302PK55T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131Z5128	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 0.75 kW / 1.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302PK75T4W66H1S1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXDX	131Z5123	Buy on EAN

VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. White IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, Service switch motor side, With display connector FCD302P1K1T4W66H1X1XMFCFXXXXA0BXXXXXD0	131Z5130	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Hygienic White IP66/N4X, RFI Class A1/C2, Brake chop. + mech. brake, Compl. small stand alone, 40 mm brackets, Metric threads, No switch option, With display connector FCD302P1K1T4W69H1S1FMXCXXXXA0BRXXXXXD0	131X8900	Buy on EAN
VLT® Decentral Drive FCD 302 1.5 kW / 2.0 HP, 380-480VAC (Three phased), Std. Black IP66/NEMA4X, RFI Class A1/C2, No brake, Compl. small stand alone, No brackets, Metric threads, No switch option, With display connector FCD302P1K5T4B66H1X1XMXCXXXXXAXBXXXXXDX	131X8809	Buy on EAN